

● Introduction & Objectives

▪ Direct Digital Frequency Synthesis (DDFS)

- Generate periodic waveform in digital domain (ex. Sine waveform, Sinc waveform, Sawtooth waveform, ...)
- Control output frequency by frequency tuning word

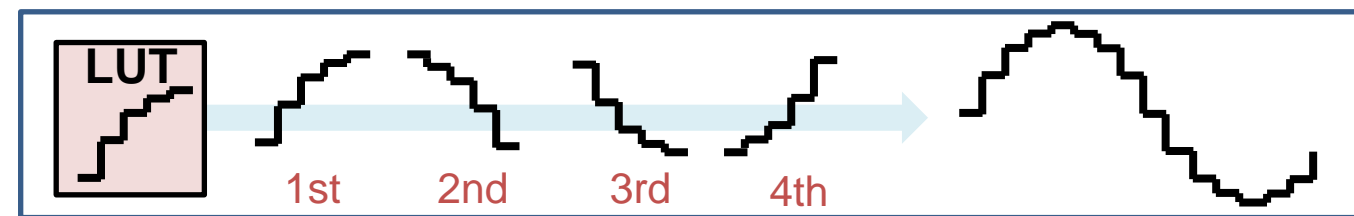
▪ Advantage of DDFS

- Performed in digital domain
 - Low cost, fast frequency converting
- Implemented with integer arithmetic
 - Able to be implemented on any microcontroller

● Improve efficiency of DDFS

❖ Quadrature method

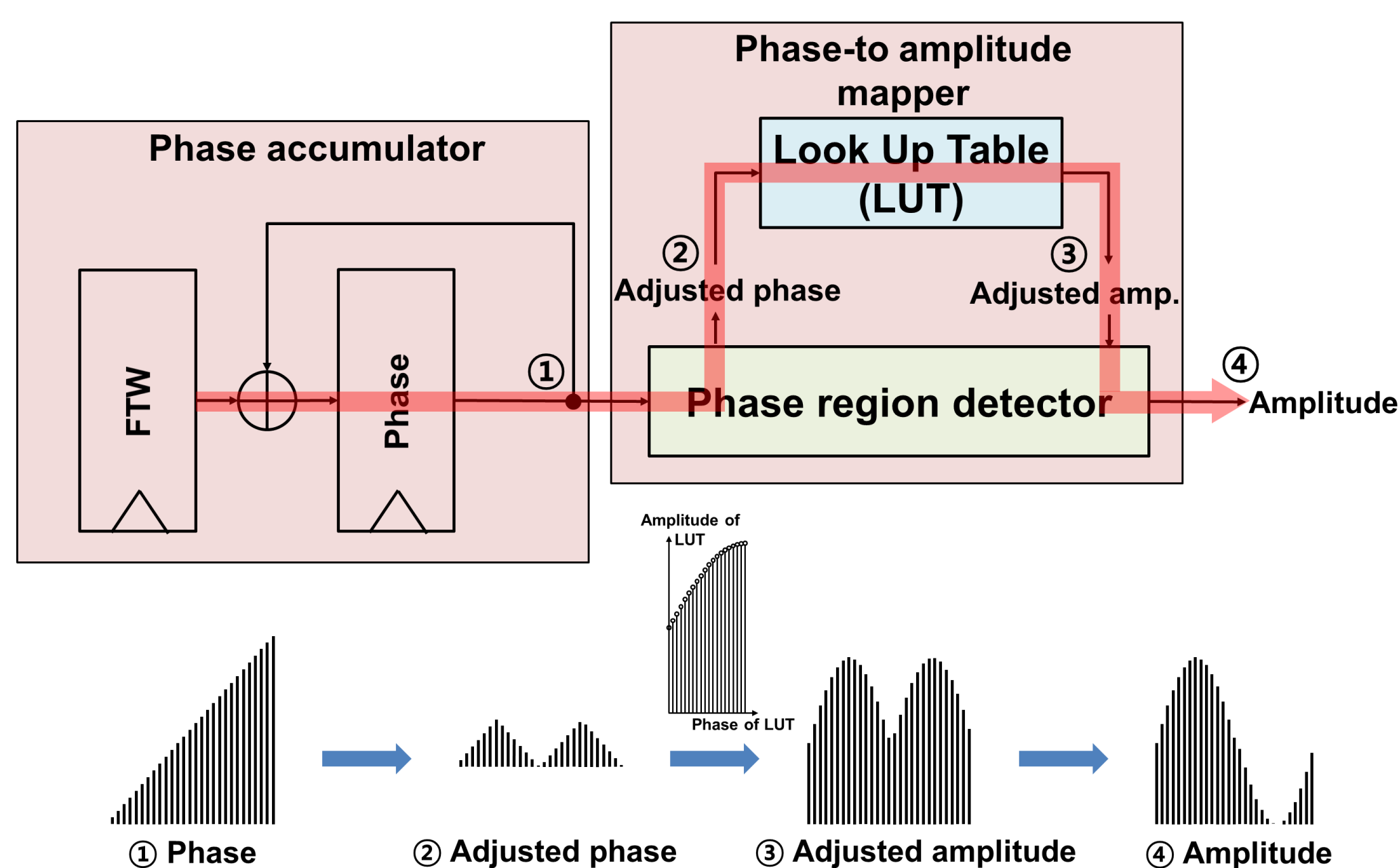
- Use periodicity and symmetry of sine wave
 - Memory size of LUT is reduced by a quarter.



❖ Using 1's complement in 3rd and 4th part

- Take 1's complement instead of 2's complement + add
 - Simpler computation

● Concept of Modeling



Output Frequency

$$f_{out} = \frac{L \times f_c}{2^M}$$

- f_{out} : Output frequency of DDFS
- L : Frequency tuning word (FTW) → Integer
- f_c : Sampling frequency (Clock frequency)
- M : Phase resolution

● Problems (Technical Issues)

❖ Overflow in transition region

- The phase of LUT is reduced by quarter. (M bit → M-2 bit)
 - The overflow occurs every quarter of phase.
- System is clock synchronized.
 - Solve the problem in advance

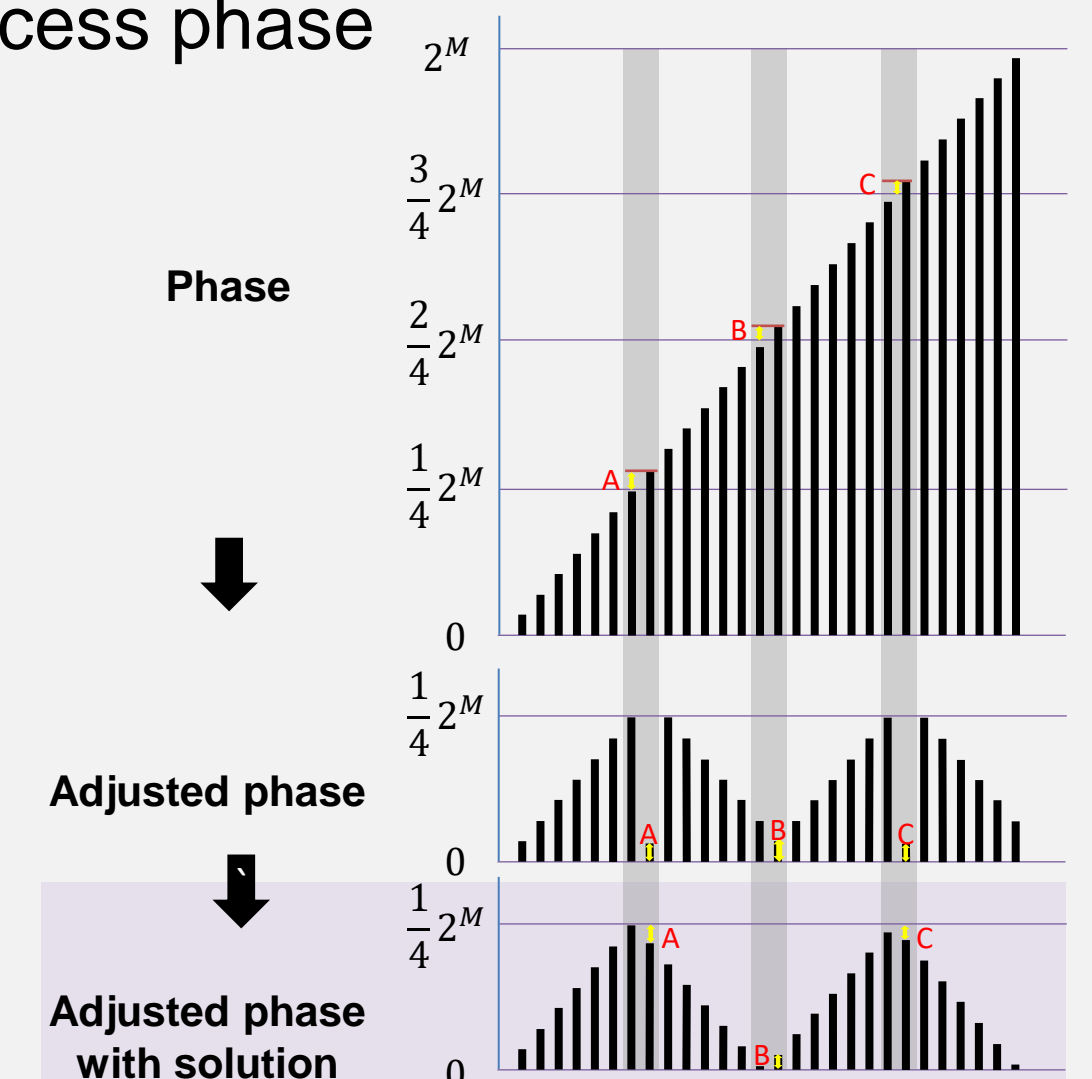
❖ Solution: Predict the overflow point

Concept

1. Predict the transition point.
2. Compensate for the excess phase

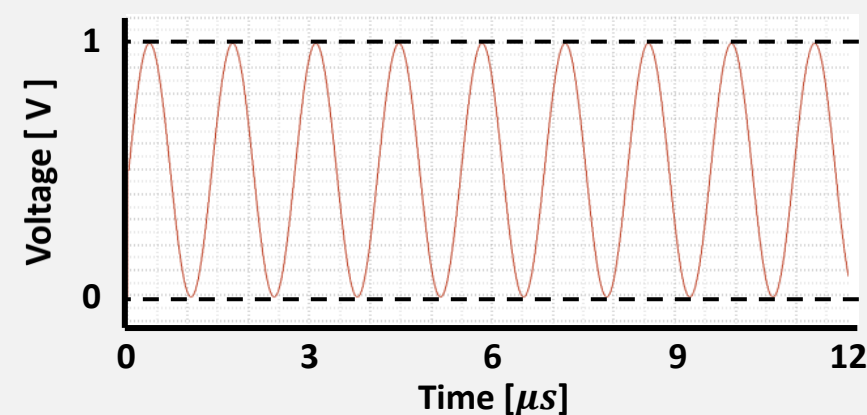
More details

- Calculate how far the next phase is from the boundary of quadrant.
- Substitute the value to the adjusted phase (B), or substrate the value from the max value of the adjusted phase (A, C).

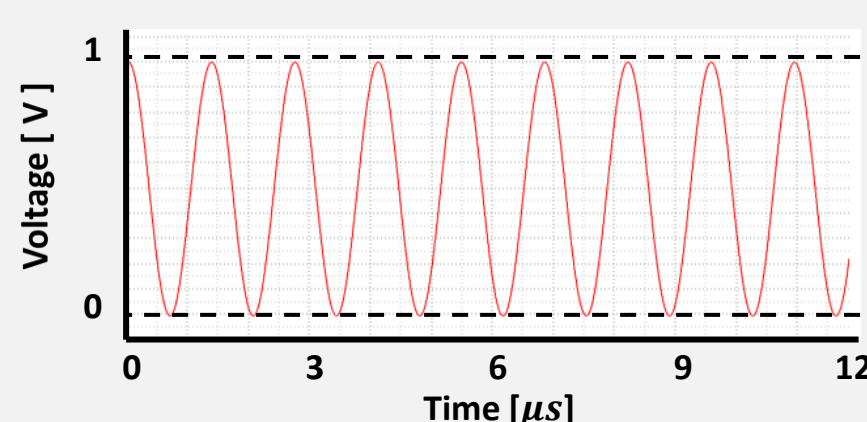


● Results of modeling

Sine waveform

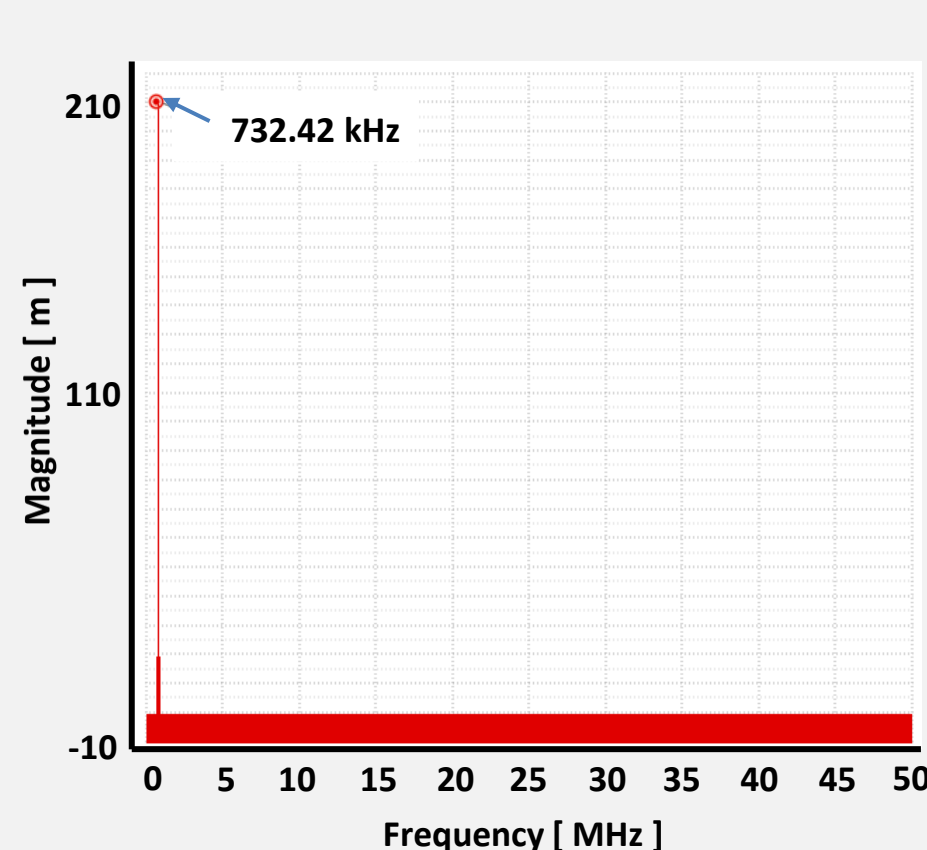


Cosine waveform



Amplitude resolution: 12 bit
Clock frequency: 100 MHz

FFT

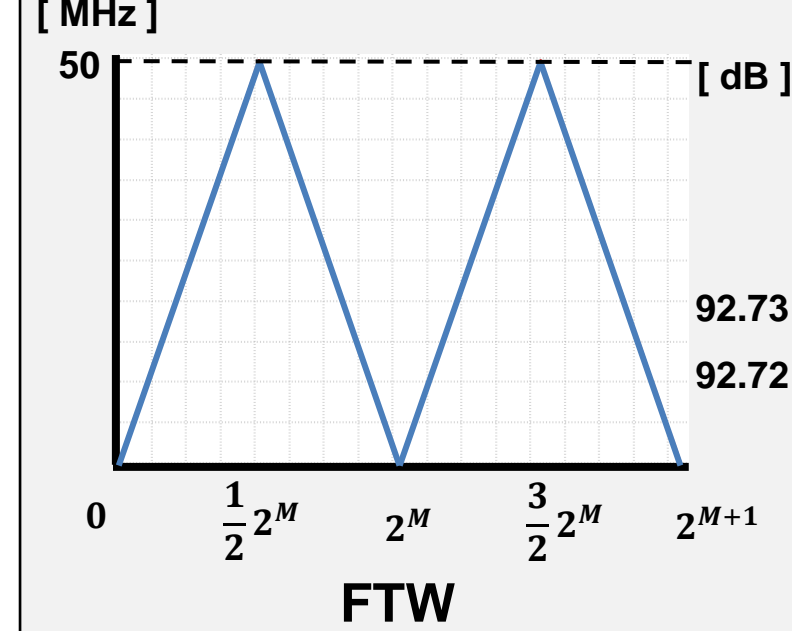


Phase resolution: 12 bit
Frequency tuning word(L): 31

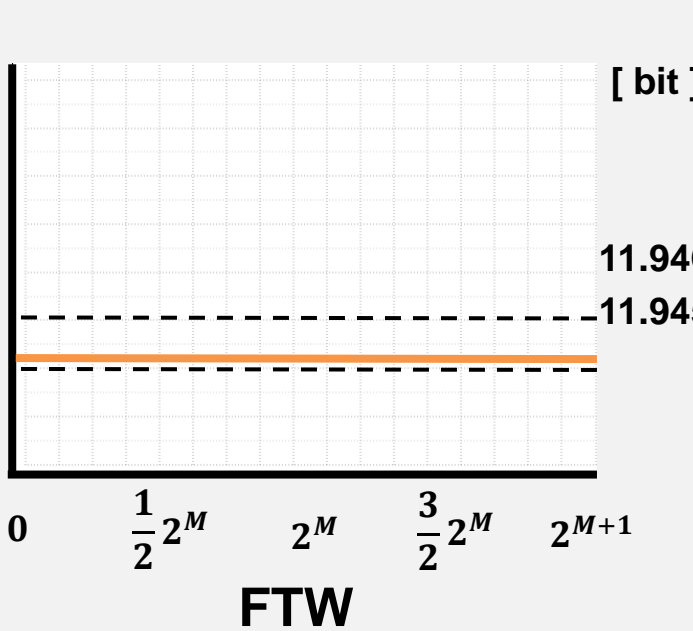
- Target frequency $f_{target} = \frac{L \times f_c}{2^M} = \frac{31 \times 100 \times 10^6}{2^{12}} = 756.84 \text{ kHz}$
- Output frequency $f_{out} = 732.42 \text{ kHz}$
- Error rate $Error = 3.27\%$

➔ Error is created by quantization error.

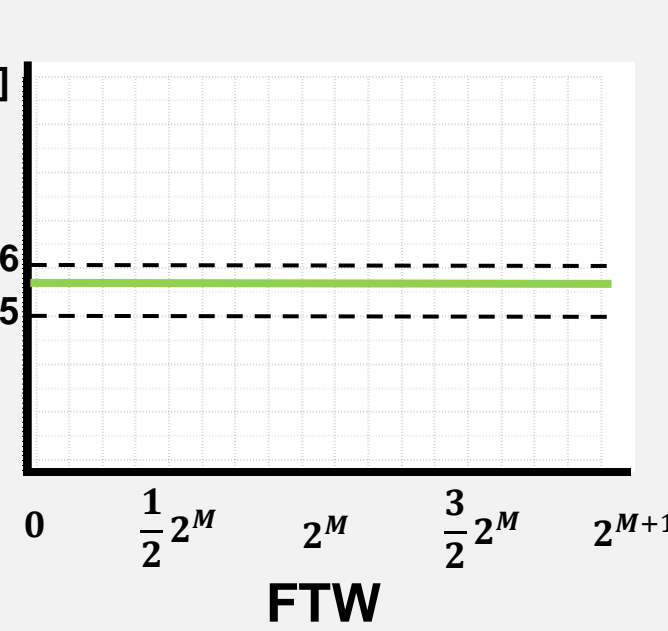
Output freq.



SFDR



ENOB



- FTW(Frequency tuning word) can be infinitely increased.
- Output frequency is limited to under the half of sampling frequency. (50 MHz)
- Output frequencies are folded in region ($\frac{M}{2} \leq L < M$), and the phase of sine waves will be flipped in folded frequency region.
- ENOB & SFDR are almost constant at all output frequencies.